Cockpit Weather

FPAW Special Session

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2003 FPAW: Weather in the Cockpit





Why Weather in the Cockpit - ??

- Long Standing Need
- Unchanging Use / Basic Applications
- Changing Technology



Long Standing Need

- Early Air Force Lesson:
 - Pilots plan on my forecast
 - Pilots (and aircraft) fly on the "real/existing" weather

• Axiom:

- Make my forecast the best possible and amend promptly when needed
- Keep pilots (and commanders/supervisors) advised of current/changing weather conditions



Unchanging Use / Applications

- 1985: OFCM Conference at University of Tennessee (Tullahoma)
- **1987: FAA Aviation Wx Sys Ops Concept**
- **1991: FAA/NASA PAWSS Requirements**
- **1993: OFCM Aviation Wx Users Forum**
- 1994: FAA Order 7032.15, Air Traffic Wx Needs and Requirements
- 1996: RTCA DO-232, Ops Concepts for Data Link Applications of FIS

All supported the need for and application of Cockpit Weather

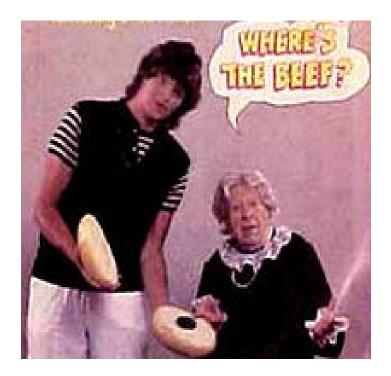


Pilot/Cockpit Applications

- FAR Requirements:
 - IFR vs VFR
 - Alt Airport; Fuel Reserve; Deicing
 - Other
- Safety: Avoid Hazardous & Adverse Wx
 - Aircraft and aircrew capabilities
 - Aircrew/passenger injury and aircraft damage
- Efficiency: Favorable Winds & Wx
 - Aircraft performance
- Quality: Comfort vs Stress
 - Pax & Aircrew



Changing Technology – ??





Where's the Link?

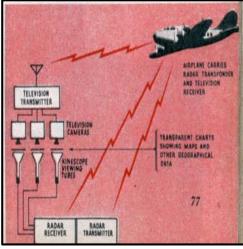


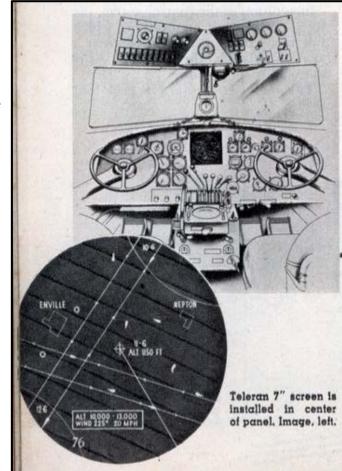
Where's the Link

1947: RCA demonstrates Teleran

- Teleran = Television + Radar
- Ground radar gets traffic pics and sends them along with weather to the pilot by television

An early Cockpit Display of Traffic and Weather







Where's the Link

1981: MITRE/Ohio University VOR Demo

Ground wx radar images broadcast over VOR and printed on cockpit thermofax printer

- Pilots excited but FAA decides to wait for Mode S data link technology

1980-86: NASA transmits Kavouris NEXRAD Wx Radar to F-106

- NASA Storm Hazards Program intentionally sought inflight lightning strikes
- Successful Kavouris transmission led to joint FAA/NASA Cockpit Weather Program
- 1990: FAA/NASA establish Cockpit Weather Program
- 1991: SatCom Demo NASA Pilot Automated Wx Spt Sys (PAWSS)

1995: Mode S Data Link Demo – AOPA/EAA Supported Flight Tests

- TIS accepted for service
- GWS/TWS (Graphic/Text Wx Svc) service denied due to spectrum concerns

1996-97: White House (Gore) Report on Aviation Safety and Security

- FAA & NASA Aviation Safety Programs
 - NASA AWIN Langley (Data and Displays)
 - NASA WINCOM Glen (Data Link Technology)



NASA Cockpit Weather

Switch to Taumi Slides



Where's the Link

1999: SDARS: NASA Langley demo in Africa

- Leads to WSI and XMWX commercial services

- 1999- FAA FIS Data Link (FISDL) Program
- **2011:** FAA partners with industry (Honeywell) to provide FISDL broadcast
 - Ground Based VDL 2 Broadcast System FAA provided the VHF frequencies

Other Impacts – Leading to FAA FIS-B:

- 1993: RTCA TF 2: No single ADS-B link; AOPA/GA seeks benefits
- 1995: FAA Free Flight Concept published; AOPA support contingent on benefits
- 1997: FAA Capstone launched in Alaska
 - Field demo of adv avionic capabilities based on MITRE UAT ADS-B concept

2002: FAA/EUROCONTROL – Ohio River Valley ADS-B Demo/Test

Cockpit Weather Capability: UAT – Yes; 1030/1090 – No

FAA ADS-B Link Decision

 Deploying uplink services (FIS-B / TIS-B) encourages aircraft to begin equipping with ADS-B and provides near-term benefits at many locations



What Next - FAA

• FIS-B – New Graphic Products

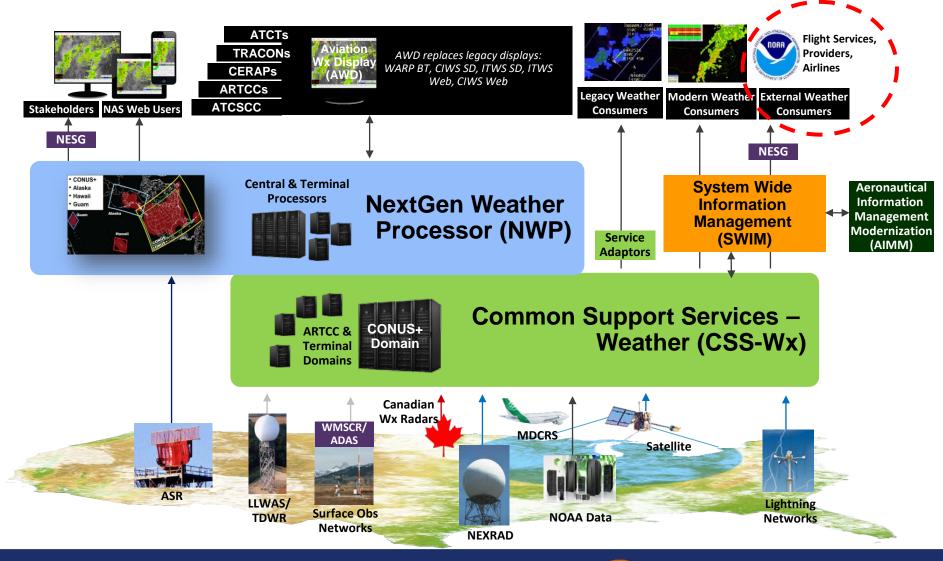
- Turbulence based on GTG
- Icing based on CIP/FIP
- Cloud Tops based on NOAA HRRR
- Lightning based on NLDN

• RTCA SC-206 / SG 5

- Drafting Revision A to the UAT MOPS (DO-358A)



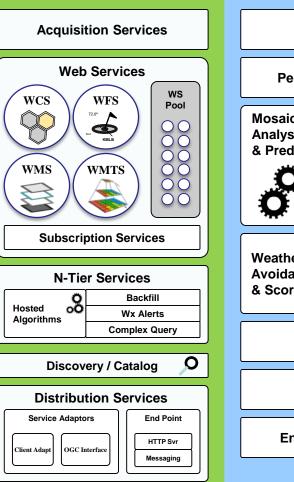
NextGen Wx Systems Architecture





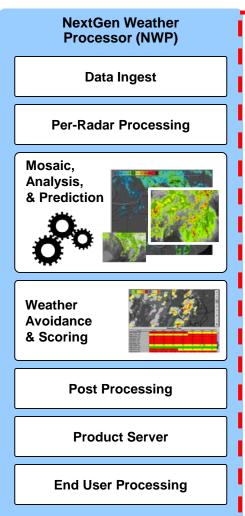
NextGen Wx Services and Processes

- Acquisition of weather data
- Subscription Services
- Web Services
 - WCS
 - WFS
 - WMS
 - WMTS
- JMS Messaging backbone infrastructure
- Locally produced Hosted Algorithms products
 - Composite Reflectivity with Flexible Floor
 - Icing And Composite Icing Layer
 - Composite Turbulence and Turbulence Layer
 - Precipitation Altitude Mask
 - CWAM Weather Avoidance Field
- Distribution Services for OGC and legacy consumers
- Discovery Catalog



Common Support Services

- Weather (CSS-Wx)



- Data Ingest
- Radar Pre-processing
- Product Generations
- Gridded Products
 - Precipitation (VIL)
 - Surface Precipitation Phase
 - Echo Tops
 - Base and Composite Reflectivity
 - Satellite
 - Icing Tops & Bottoms
- Non-Gridded Products
 - Aggregated Lightning Flashes & Tornado Detections
 - Storm Information Hazard Texts, Leading Edges, & Motion Vectors
 - Radar mosaic Contours
 - Fronts, Trends & Wind Profiles
 - Precipitation (VIL) & Echo Tops (ET) Forecast Accuracy
- Prediction up to 8 hours
- Weather Avoidance products
- Post Processing





Cockpit Weather - Evolution

Questions-??



What Changes

Technology

- Data Link
- Data
 - Fidelity
 - Accuracy
 - Availability

• Procedures

- Aircraft or ground centric decisions-??
- Expanded Collaborative Decision Making (CDM)-??



WTIC Research – Follow Segments

Switch to Gary Pokodner & Following Segments



Stakeholder Panel - Opening

Question:

What key lessons have you learned about Cockpit Weather from your perspective-??

Both the good as well as any concerns or deficiencies.



Stakeholder Panel – Member Briefings

Switch to Stakeholder Panel Briefings



Cockpit Weather Chorus

- Gary Livack FAA Prophet / Visionary
- Paul Fiducia Passonate Industry Advocate
- Charlie Scanlon NASA SDARS Demo
- Norm Crabill NASA Engineer (Retired) PAWS Author Cockpit Wx Pioneer
- Dr David Strahle Cockpit Wx Pioneer
- Bob Baron Wx Service Provider / Pioneer
- WSI (The Weather Company) Wx Service Provider / Pioneer
- MITRE UAT Concept & Development
- Honeywell FISDL Development & Operation
- RTCA FIS Data Link Standards Document
- SAE Aerospace Recommended Practice (ARP) 5740 [HF Guidelines for Cockpit Displays]
- AOPA Benefits Advocate & Best Practices Education <u>Multitude of Others</u>



It's Happy Hour Time



At least for me - !!

