The FAA's *In Situ* Turbulence Reporting System

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In Situ Turbulence Reporting System

•Driver:

Augment/replace subjective PIREPs with objective state-ofthe-atmosphere turbulence measurements.

•Features:

•Atmospheric turbulence metric: eddy dissipation rate (EDR).

•Position accuracy within 10 km vs average 50 km pireps.

•44,000 *in situ* reports per day (UAL) vs. 300-500 pireps/day (above FL200).

•Adopted as ICAO Standard.



Experimental ADDS website





EDR and RMS-g: Not either-or

- EDR is a measure of the turbulent state of the atmosphere, i.e., aircraft independent.
 - RMS-g is the response of a given aircraft at a given flight condition – to the turbulence.

Both are valid quantities

- Given knowledge of aircraft type, airspeed, altitude and weight, EDR can be converted into RMS-g with good accuracy.
- Recommendation: Use EDR as the reporting metric for air-ground, air-air, and ground-air
 - EDR populates the NextGen 4D data cube.
 - If a specific user wants RMS-g, convert EDR at their location.





In situ EDR reporting status/plans: Implementation

SWA

- Flight testing within next 1-2 weeks
- Fleet implementation on ~ 280 737-700s in CY07

Delta

- Software delivered
- Larger scale implementation/testing over the next 2 months
- 120 737-800s in CY07-08

NWA

- Preliminary discussions in April
- Major effort to begin in FY08
- 140 Airbus 319/320s
- **56 787s**
- AAL
 - Ongoing discussions
 - Delta may provide engineering support
 - Implementation timing is TBD
- UAL
 - Update 757s to wind-based algorithm?



SWA route structure



UAL 757 route structure





Turbulence Nowcasting/Forecasting System

Merges all current turbulence observations with forecast grids.





