Next Generation Air Transportation System Joint Planning and Development Office

NGATS Weather System Concept

JPDO Weather IPT

"Friends/Partners in Aviation Weather" Vision Forum FAA Headquarters – 800 Independence Avenue – Washington, D.C. July 13, 2006



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Weather Concept Contributors

- FAA
- NOAA/NWS
- Raytheon
- MITRE/CAASD
- NASA (Ames, Langley, and Glenn)
- Sensis Corporation
- Lockheed Martin
- MIT Lincoln Laboratory
- AvMet
- AUA-TAC

Weather Concept Philosophy

Our charge is NOT about the weather ...

Rather, it is about the

Identification and effective use of weather information (and supporting capabilities) to mitigate weather impacts on NGATS operations

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NGATS Weather Capability Objectives

- Provide air transportation system users, including passengers, timely and accurate weather information (tailored to their skill levels and vehicle capabilities) upon which to make transportation planning decisions
- Safely/reliably maximize the volume of airspace available for air traffic operations.
- Enable commercial and general aviation users to develop flight plans that best balance their operational and economic needs, within the constraints imposed by the weather situation
- Minimize weather-related disruptions to these desired flight plans during the conduct of the flight, from airport curb at departure, to airport curb upon arrival.
- Ensure safety of flight crews and the flying public by providing timely information directly to the cockpit on severe weather, including unanticipated changes.
- Facilitate improved situational awareness information to support homeland security and national defense objectives.
- Support efforts on the environment that will address noise, air quality, and related issues that have an atmospheric component.

Flexible Enough to Support Multiple Potential Futures!

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Weather Concept Scope/Approach

- Scope
 - 2025 concepts for Weather Support (future vision)
 - Starting point for inter-IPT discussions
 - First step in NGATS weather functional analysis
- Approach
 - Analyze NGATS 2025 concepts and key functions
 - Identify Weather Implications/Impacts
 - Establish resulting Operating Principles for NGATS Weather Support Concepts
 - Develop Weather Concept Details
- To Follow...
 - Transition "Road Map"
 - Transition plan for Weather Support current NAS to 2025 Concept
 - Complementary products:
 - Weather System Requirements
 - Supporting R&D Requirements

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Role of Weather in 2025 Concept

- Primary goal: Proactively identify areas where aircraft can safely fly (vs. just advising where they can not fly)
- Weather is integrated into NGATS decision making:
 - NGATS-relevant Weather information
 - Weather-savvy NGATS decision oriented tools (NDOT)
 - Primary decision making is automated machine to machine (M2M)
 - Network Enabled Operations (NEO) provides basis for information sharing to support M2M decisions
- Mitigation of Weather Impacts in the presence of uncertainty:
 - Weather inputs include relevant probabilistic information
 - Methods developed to use probability info to assess decision risk
 - Probability information increases NGATS effective use of weather information even without increased fidelity/accuracy

Role of Weather in 2025 Concept

- 4-D Weather files established as authoritative source for ATM decisions
- Weather information to/from aircraft (as well as aircraft weather mitigation capabilities) are included as performance-based service capabilities



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Weather Concept Operating Principles

- Operating principles
 - Derived from the analysis of the implications/impacts of weather from the NGATS 2025 Concept
 - Provide baseline for the NGATS Weather Concept of Operations
- Principles are grouped into 5 categories:
 - 1. Policy and Organization
 - Weather concepts are globally harmonized and consistent with ICAO
 - ATC shares responsibility with the pilot for directing aircraft in avoiding hazardous weather conditions, especially for limited or non-equipped aircraft
 - Weather support will be a joint agency responsibility

Weather Concept Operating Principles

2. Data Collection and Access

- All users receive all required weather information
- NGATS 4-D Weather "database" is the single authoritative government supported source of weather
- Aircraft Performance-Based Service includes data link capability for accessing and processing in-flight updates of weather
- Increased coverage in airport observations and TAFs for non-towered and virtual towered airports
- Pilots/Aircrews rely on self-briefing for pre-flight and in-flight planning

3. Products and Decision Assistance Tools

- M2M tools represent primary method for NGATS weather exploitation
- Legacy text products are targeted for elimination
- Weather impact decisions based on variety of parameters
 - including aircrew capabilities, weather avoidance, flight efficiency, and flight quality and NGATS-user preferences
- Increased resolution in weather information

Weather Concept Operating Principles

4. Integration and Procedures

- Weather information is not an end itself but fully integrated into NGATS systems
- Operations evolve toward more collaborative flight management and control via Net Centric Information sharing
- Weather products are consistent across all flight domains
- Weather system information and procedures and concepts are designed for efficient user integration and application
- Dynamic in-flight rerouting is based on timely updates of weather information to NGATS systems and users

5. Enhanced Aircraft Capabilities

- · Aircraft systems can mitigate the impact of weather
- Aircraft weather mitigation systems reduce the associated airspace restrictions



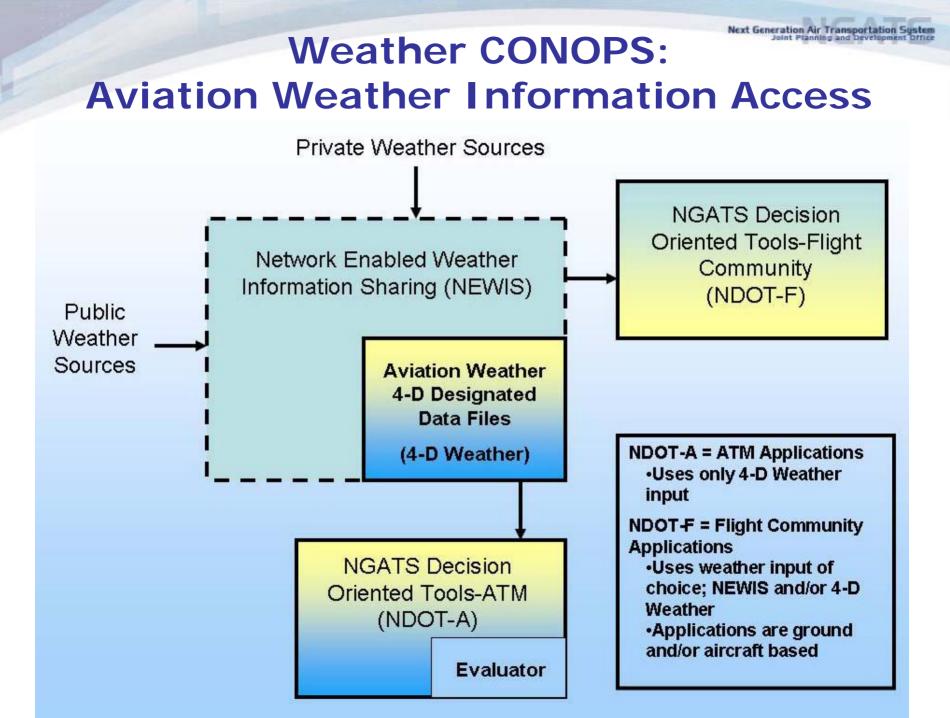
Weather CONOPS: Decision-Making Roles

- Five (5) primary decision-making roles:
 - NGATS Automation Machine to Machine (M2M)
 - Air Traffic Service Community
 - Flight Community
 - Homeland Security and Military
 - NGATS Other (e.g., airport surface operations, surface-based operators, and other participants)



Weather CONOPS: Aviation Weather Information Access

- Weather information from a variety of sources is network accessible and serves as a source for automated and human decisions
 - Network Enabled Weather Information Sharing (NEWIS) provides access to information sources through NEO
 - NGATS ATM weather support is based on specific subsets of NEWIS designated as Aviation Weather 4-D Designated Data Files (4-D Weather "database")
- Basic weather files are used for automation while packaged weather information is intended for humans



Weather CONOPS: Public Weather Sources

- 4-D Weather "database"
 - Aviation Weather 4-D Designated Data Files
 - Official source of weather in 4-D space and time
- Data from automated gridded products, models, and human forecasts are distilled into a *single official forecast* stored in the 4-D Weather "database"
 - A single official forecast means only one forecast for a specific point in time and space from which all government provided decisions are based
 - A single forecast can be presented or expressed in many forms
- Observations are integrated into the 4-D Weather "database" observational analysis
 - Real-time atmosphere is analyzed from both observational and model data before being presented to NDOT applications
 - Source observations (METAR) are available, however, most algorithms and aids use the 4-D observational analysis

Weather CONOPS: Air Traffic Support

- AT support is primarily automated using NDOT-A-M2M which includes
 - Notional Rules for Efficient Flight [traffic management]
 - Individual Flight Limitations and Preferences
- NDOT-A-M2M applications track weather, pilot preferences and limitations, aircraft limitations, as well as planned and actual traffic
- ATC decisions not performed by NDOT-A-M2M are primarily tactical
- Flight deck decisions are those not performed by NDOT-A-M2M or ATC
- Almost all pre-flight planning is handled by NDOT-A applications

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Next Steps

- Coordination of NGATS Weather CONOPS with the JPDO IPTs
 - Based on comments, changes will be made as appropriate
- Long-term research is needed
 - Alternative approaches to weather support concepts will be included
 - Disconnects or issues need resolving through researching alternative solution sets
- Basic issues include:
 - Which decisions are automated?
 - What weather information is needed for each group of decisionmakers?
 - Without stand-alone weather displays, how is weather information presented? Is weather information presented?
 - How are probabilistic forecasts incorporated into NDOTs? Do the probabilities needed for automated decisions map to human models for decision-making?

Summary

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- NGATS Weather CONOPS
 - Based on JPDO NGATS 2025 Concepts
 - Weather is integrated as key input to NGATS decision oriented tools (NDOT) with primary decision-making through automated machine to machine (M2M) applications
 - Weather inputs include probability information and 4-D Weather files are designed source for NGATS ATM M2M applications
 - Performance-based service capabilities include weather information to/from aircraft as well as aircraft weather mitigation capabilities

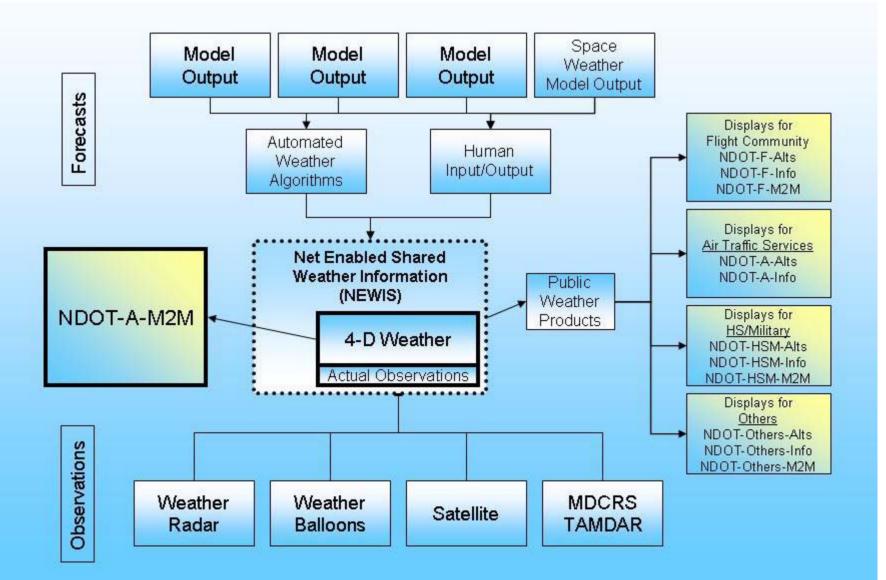


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Weather CONOPS: Public Weather Sources



Weather CONOPS: Air Traffic Support

