

Collaborative Weather Research and Development for Urban Air Mobility



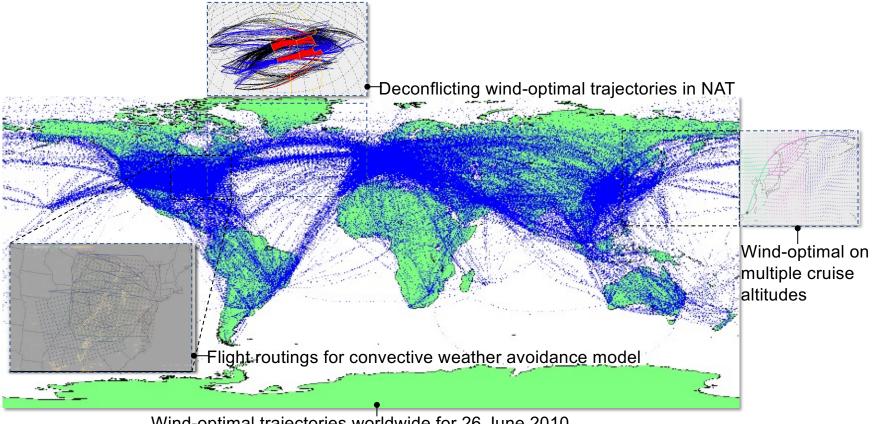
Dr. Hok K. Ng
Flight Trajectory Dynamics and Controls
Aviation Systems Division
NASA Ames Research Center
hokkwan.ng@nasa.gov



Outline

- Introduction
 - Wind optimal and weather avoidance operations
 - Climate impact and aircraft emissions tradeoff
- Background: Urban Air Mobility (UAM)
- Overview: Collaborative Weather Research and Development
- Impact Analysis for Dallas-Fort Worth Metroplex
 - Input Data
 - Preliminary Results
- Work in Progress
 - Weather Impact Data Analysis
 - Airspace Capacity Analysis

Introduction: Wind Optimal and Weather Avoidance Operations

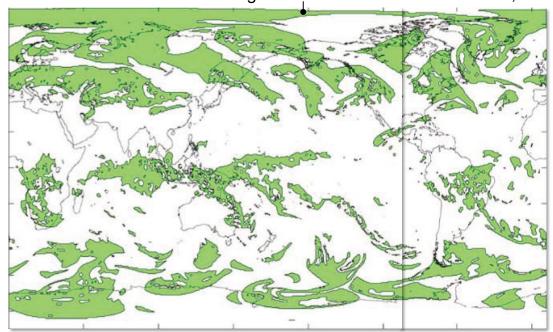


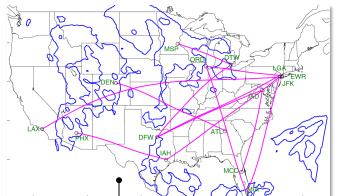
Wind-optimal trajectories worldwide for 26 June 2010



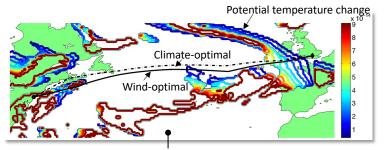
Introduction: Climate Impact and Aircraft Emissions Tradeoff

Persistent contrails favorable regions worldwide for December 31, 2009





Energy-efficient trajectory design for reducing climate-impact on various timescales



Trajectory design for reducing climateimpact of trans-Atlantic flights



- 1. National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA) UAM Vision Concept of Operations (ConOps) UAM Maturity Level (UML) 4
- 2. Advanced Air Mobility (AAM) Ecosystem Community Integration Working Group: UAM Weather



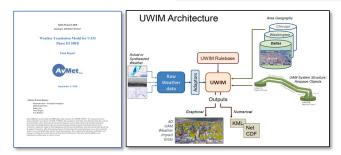
Overview: Collaborative Weather Research and Development

- Data support
 - NCAR project (FY19-20)
 - Initial analysis (FY20-22)



- Impact translation model
 - AvMet SBIR Phase III (FY20)

- Impact analysis
 - DLR collaboration (FY21-22+)

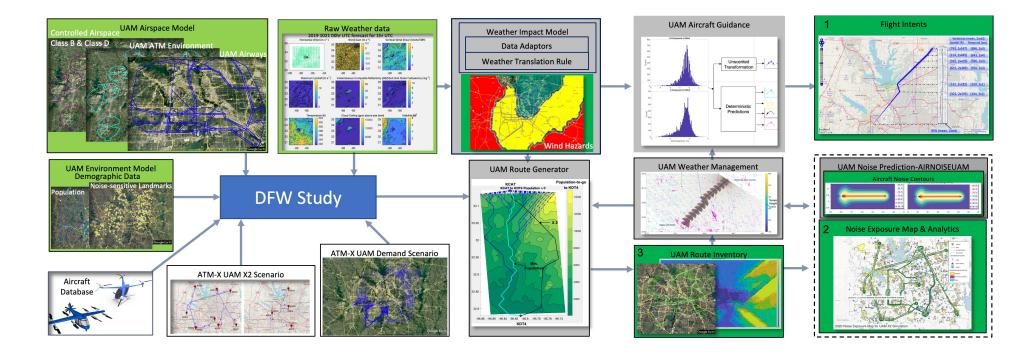




			Proposed UAM Weather Thresholds for Specific Weather Phenomena		
	Wx phenomenon	Units	Green	Yellow	Red
	Convective weather	d82, NM	15-30 NM "belt" around a 40 dBZ area	10-15 NM "belt" around a 40 dBZ area	Within 10 NM of a 40 dBZ area
specific? Vehicle class specific			Inside any 32+ dBZ area unless it is already "yellow" or "red"	15-20 NM "belt" around a 45+ dBZ area	Within 15 NM of a 45+ dB/ area
	Freezing precip	Cot	No freezing precip	Freezing drizzle/fog?	Freezing rain
	Icing	Cot	No ice	N/A	Any ice
	Snow	mm/hr	Light (< 1 mm/hr)	Light-to-Mod (1-2.5 mm/hr)	> Moderate (> 2.5 mm/hr)
	Horizontal Wind speed	IX:	Wind < 15 Kt ± 5	Wind < 20 Kt ± 10	Wind > 25 Kt or gusts > 35 Kt
	Vertical Wind gust	DEVG, m/s	< 4	4-6	>6
	Vertical Wind StdDev	M/s	< 1.5	1.5 - 2.3	> 2.3
	Wind Shear	KI:	< 10 Kt variation between 50-Ft lavers	10-15 Kt variation between 50-Pt layers	> 15 Kt variation between 50-Ft layers
	Cloud ceilings	Feet	> 1000 Pt	1000-500 R	< 500 Ft
	Visibility	Stotute Miles	> 3 miles above e.g. 1200 Ft > 1 mile below 1200 Ft	1-3 miles above e.g. 1200 Ft 0.5-1 miles below 1200 Ft	< 0.5 mile
	Rain	Cot	Less than heavy	Heavy	N/A
	Temperature	Deg C	-1°C to 30°C	30-35°C or -101°C	> 35°C or < -10°C
	Relative humidity	Percent	?	7	3

NASA

UAM Impact Analysis for Dallas-Fort Worth Metroplex



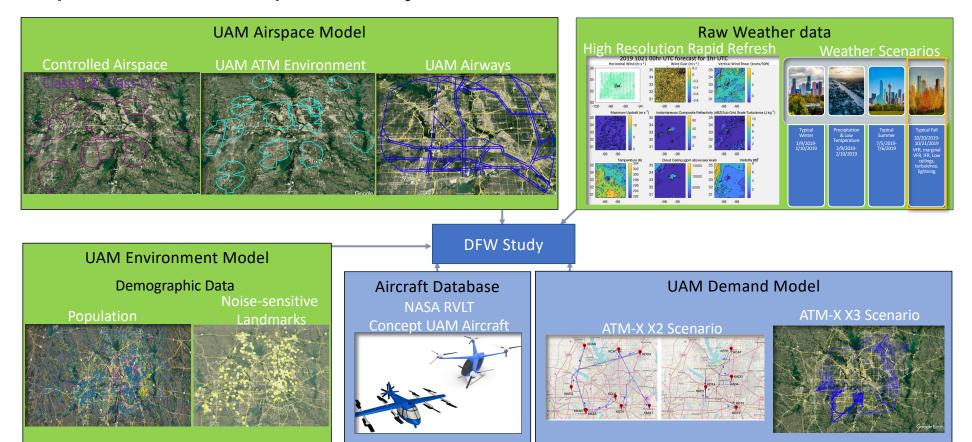
^{1.} Ng, H., "Strategic Planning with Unscented Optimal Guidance for Urban Air Mobility", 2020 AIAA Aviation Forum

^{2.} Li, Jinhua, Ng, H., Zheng, Y., Gutierrez, S., "Noise Exposure Maps for Urban Air Mobility," 2021 AIAA Aviation Forum

^{3.} Ng, H., Li, Jinhua, Zheng, Y., "Noise Impact Analysis for Urban Air Mobility in Dallas-Fort Worth Metroplex", 2022 AIAA Aviation Forum (to be published)

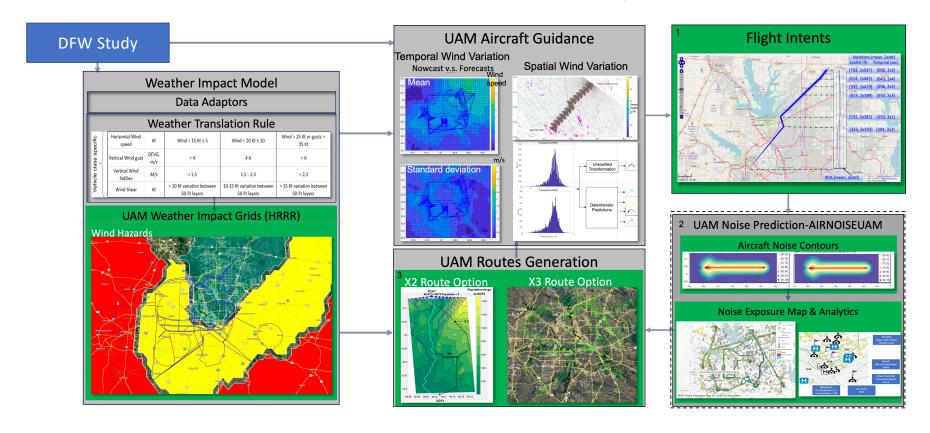


Inputs to UAM Impact Analysis



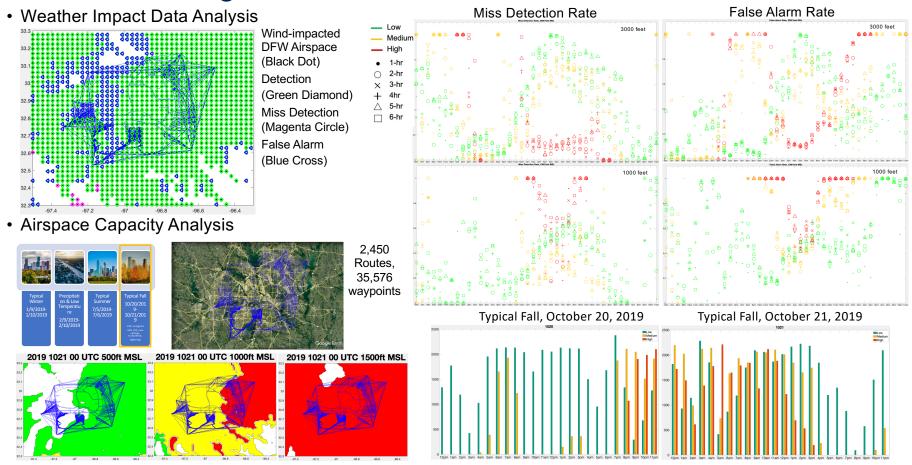


UAM Weather and Noise Impacts-Preliminary Results





Work in Progress & Discussion





Thank You!

Dr. Hok K. Ng
Flight Trajectory Dynamics and Controls
Aviation Systems Division
NASA Ames Research Center
hokkwan.ng@nasa.gov