



The NCAR FAA Snow Machine

Friends and Partners in Aviation Weather - Fall Meeting

October 9, 2025

Deicing/Anti-Icing Fluid Testing Challenges



Testing of aircraft anti-icing fluids has traditionally been conducted in an outdoor environment but creates problems

- Conditions outdoors (temperature, snowfall rate, wind, etc.) can change over the course of a test
- Outdoor testing typically takes longer to accomplish
 - Can only be done during winter months
- Logistical Considerations
 - Travel time in hazardous conditions
 - Personnel availability





NCAR FAA Artificial Snow Generation System "Snow Machine"

The NCAR FAA Artificial Snow
Generation System or Snow
Machine, is a system
developed under funding from
the Federal Aviation
Administration (FAA) to test
holdover times (HOTS) for
aircraft anti-icing\deicing fluids
in a laboratory environment

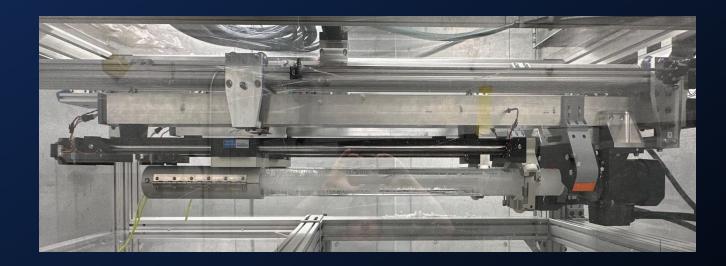




NSF NCAR Snow Machine Operational Concept



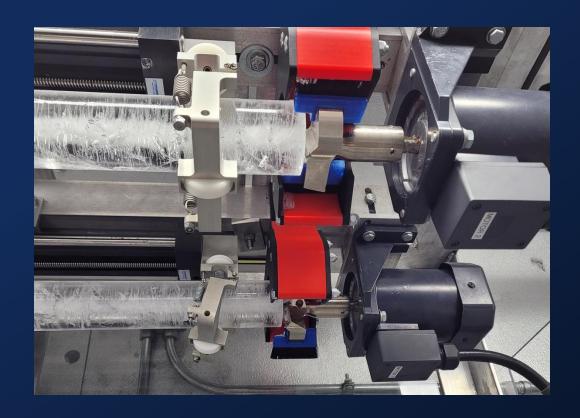
Frozen cylinders of ice are loaded onto a linear translation system, which feeds them into a specially designed rotating carbide bit that shaves the ice, creating snow-like particles







Snow Creation



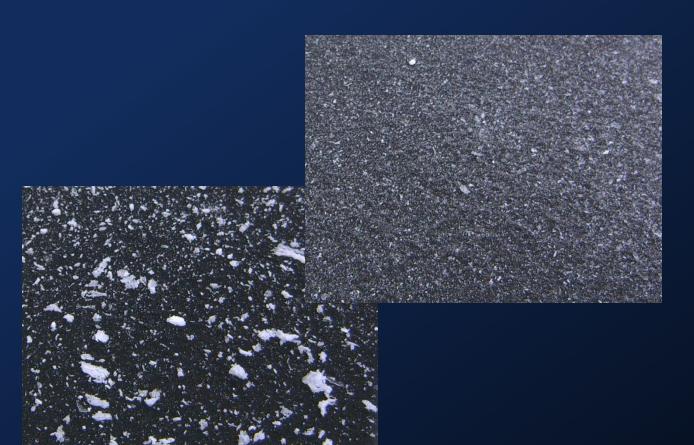


Outdoor size distributions can be recreated in the machine and the indoor size distributions naturally tend to vary based on cold chamber temperature



Snow Creation

Variable Speed Motors and Specialized Blades



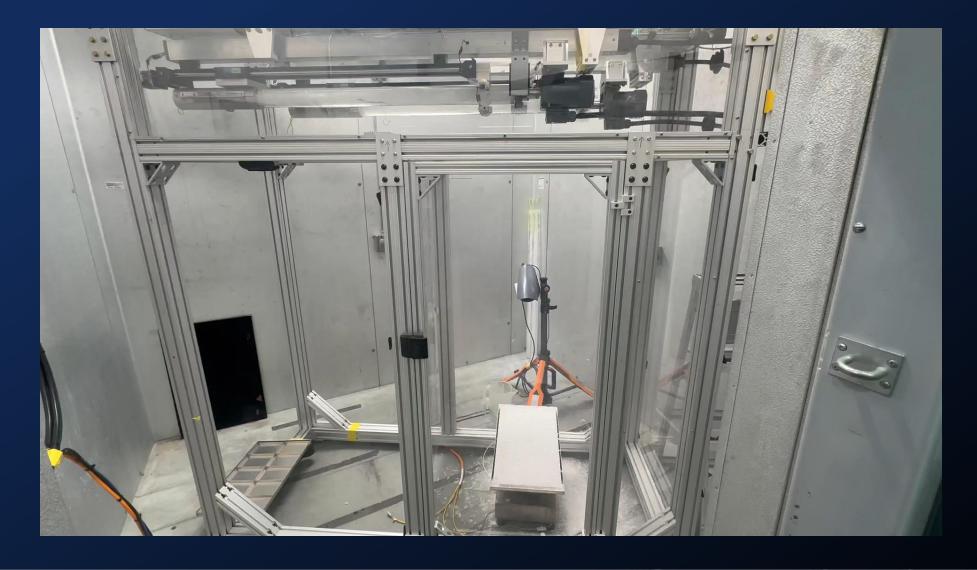
Allow for more precise control of snowflake sizes

- Slower spin rates = larger particles
- Faster spin rates = smaller particles

May allow for improved simulation of outdoor conditions



NSF NCAR Snow Machine





Snow Machine Fluid Testing

Video Documentation of Testing





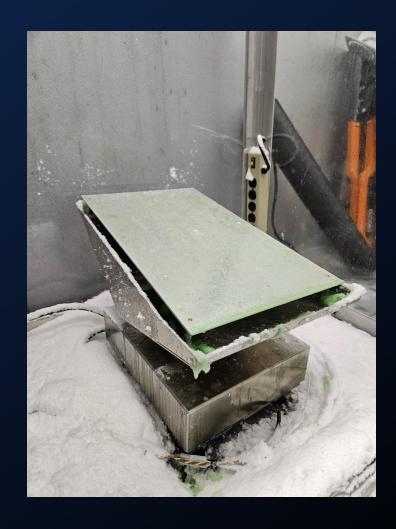


NCAR FAA Snow Machine



Thank you!





This research is in response to requirements and funding by the FAA. The views expressed are those of the authors and do not necessarily represent the official policy or position of the FAA.



